

**Grzegorz 'Natror' Murzynowski**

## **The gmiflink Package<sup>\*</sup>**

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details of that license.

LPPL status: "author-maintained".

```
1 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
2 \ProvidesPackage{gmiflink}
3 [2006/08/16 v0.97 Conditionally hyperlinking package (GM)]
```

### **Introduction, usage**

This package protects you against an error when a link is dangling and typesets some plain text instead of a hyperlink then. It is intended for use with the hyperref package. Needs two L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X runs.

I used it for typesetting the names of the objects in a documentation of a computer program. If the object had been defined a \hyperlink to its definition was made, otherwise a plain object's name was typeset. I also use this package in automatic making of hyperlinking indexes.

The package provides the macros \gmiflink, \gmiref and \gmhypertarget for conditional making of hyperlinks in your document.

\gmhypertarget[⟨name⟩]{⟨text⟩} makes a \hypertarget{@name}{⟨text⟩} and a \label{@name}.

\gmiflink[⟨name⟩]{⟨text⟩} makes a \hyperlink{@name}{⟨text⟩} to a proper hypertarget if the corresponding label exists, otherwise it typesets ⟨text⟩.

\gmiref[⟨name⟩]{⟨text⟩} makes a (hyper-) \ref{@name} to the given label if the label exists, otherwise it typesets ⟨text⟩.

The @name argument is just ⟨name⟩ if the ⟨name⟩ is given, otherwise it's ⟨text⟩ in all three macros.

For the example(s) of use, examine the gmiflink.sty file, lines 45–58.

### **Installation**

Unpack the gmiflink-tds.zip (this is an archive conforming the TDS standard, see CTAN/tds/tds.pdf) in a texmf directory or put the gmiflink.sty somewhere in the texmf/tex/latex branch on your own. (Creating a texmf/tex/latex/gm directory may be advisable if you consider using other packages written by me.)

Then you should refresh your T<sub>E</sub>X distribution's files' database most probably.

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<sup>\*</sup> This file has version number v0.97 dated 2006/08/16.

## Contents of the gmiflink.zip archive

The distribution of the gmiflink package consists of the following four files and a TDS-compliant archive.

```
gmiflink.sty  
README  
gmiflinkDoc.tex  
gmiflinkDoc.pdf  
gmiflink.tds.zip
```

## Compiling the Documentation

The last of the above files (the .pdf, i.e., *this file*) is a documentation compiled from the .sty file by running L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X on the gmiflinkDoc.tex file. Compiling the documentation requires the packages: gmdoc (gmdoc.sty and gmdocc.cls), gmverb.sty, gmuilts.sty, gmiflink.sty and also some standard packages: hyperref.sty, color.sty, geometry.sty, multicol.sty, lmodern.sty, fontenc.sty that should be installed on your computer by default.

If you had not installed the mwcls classes (available on CTAN and present in T<sub>E</sub>X Live e.g.), the result of your compilation might differ a bit from the .pdf provided in this .zip archive in formatting: If you had not installed mwcls, the standard article.cls class would be used.

## The Code

```
4 \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{}{\message {^^J^^J gmiflink package:  
5     There's no use of me without hyperref package, I end my input.^^J}%  
6 \providecommand\empty{}  
A new counter, just in case  
7 \newcounter{GMhlabel}  
8 \setcounter{GMhlabel}{0}
```

The macro given below creates both hypertarget and hyperlabel, so that you may reference both ways: via \hyperlink and via \ref. Its pattern is the \label macro, see L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Source2e, file x, line 32.

But we don't want to gobble spaces before and after. First argument will be a name of the hypertarget, by default the same as typeset text, i.e., argument #2.

```
\gmhypertarget  
9 \DeclareRobustCommand*\gmhypertarget{  
10   \@ifnextchar[]{\gm@hypertarget}{\@dblarg{\gm@hypertarget}}}  
11 \def\gm@hypertarget [#1]#2{  
% If argument #1 = \empty, then we'll use #2, i.e., the  
% same as name of hypertarget.  
12   \refstepcounter{GMhlabel}% we \label{\gmht@firstpar}  
13   \hypertarget{#1}{#2}%  
14   \protected@write\@auxout{}{  
15     \string\newlabel{#1}{#2}\{\thepage\}\relax{GMhlabel.\arabic{  
% GMhlabel}}}\}  
16 }% end of \gm@hypertarget.
```

We define a macro such that if the target exists, it makes \ref, else it typesets ordinary text.

```
\gmifref  
17 \DeclareRobustCommand*\gmifref{\@ifnextchar[]{\gm@ifref}{%
```

```

18     \@dblarg{\gm@ifref}{}
\gm@ifref 19 \def\gm@ifref[#1]{%
20   \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\#1\endcsname\relax\relax%
21   #2\else\ref{#1}\fi%
22 }% end of \gm@ifref
\gmiflink 23 \DeclareRobustCommand*\gmiflink{\ifnextchar{}{\gm@iflink}{%
24   \@dblarg{\gm@iflink}}}
\gm@iflink 25 \def\gm@iflink[#1]{%
26   \expandafter\ifx\csname r@\#1\endcsname\relax\relax%
27   #2\else\hyperlink{#1}{#2}\fi%
28 }% end of \gm@iflink

```

It's robust because when just `\newcommand*`ed, use of `\gmiflink` in an indexing macro resulted in errors: `\ifnextchar` has to be `\noexpanded` in `\edefs`.

```
29 \endinput
```

The old version — all three were this way primarily.

```

\newcommand*\gmiflink[2][\empty]{%
\def\gmht@test{\empty}\def\gmht@firstpar{#1}%
\ifx\gmht@test\gmht@firstpar\def\gmht@firstpar{#2}\fi%
\expandafter\ifx\csname r@\gmht@firstpar\endcsname\relax\relax%
#2\else\hyperlink{\gmht@firstpar}{#2}\fi%
}

```